

# WRF-Var System

WRF Tutorial

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Syed RH Rizvi

MMM Division, NCAR,

PO Box 3000, Boulder, Colorado,

80307-3000, USA

[rizvi@ucar.edu](mailto:rizvi@ucar.edu)

Web Site: <http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG4>

# **WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System**

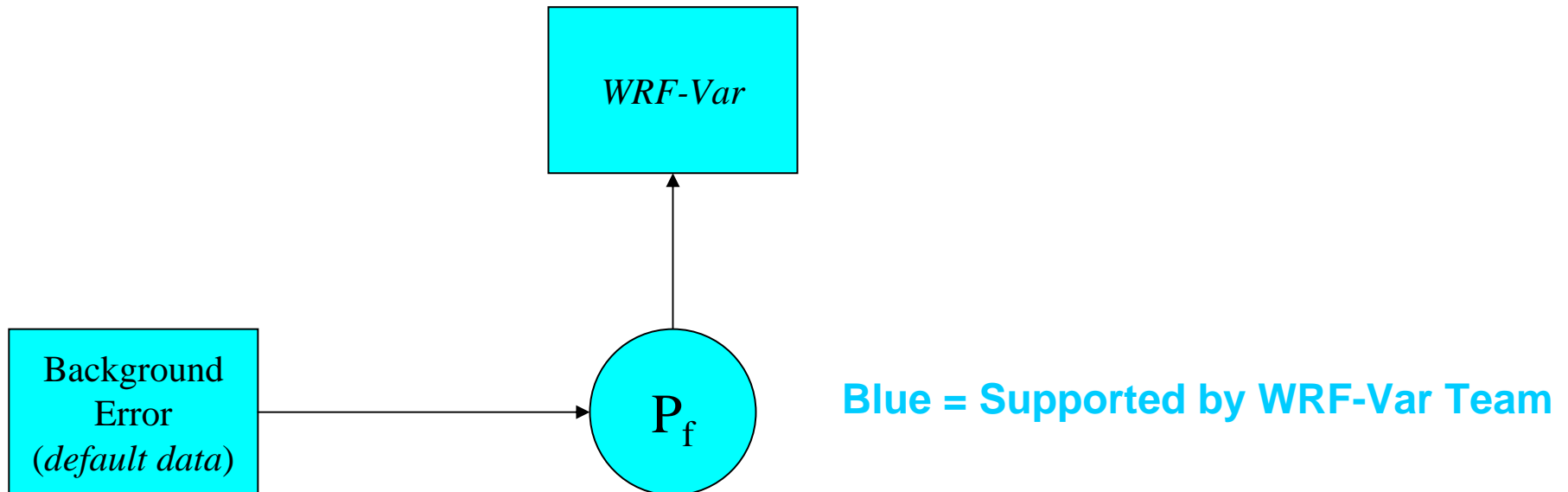
# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System



**Blue = Supported by WRF-Var Team**

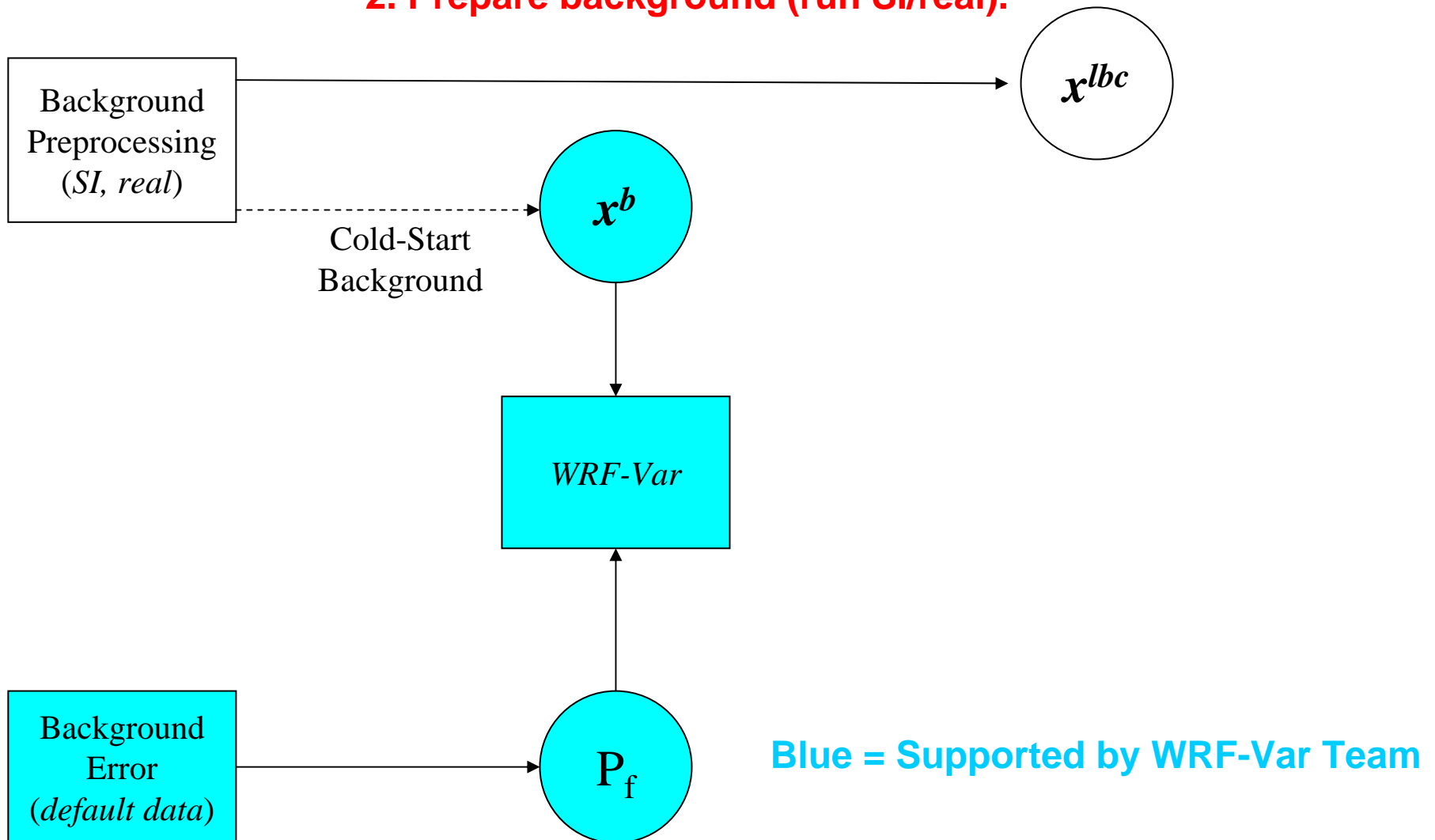
# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

1. Prepare BE data (initially use default statistics)



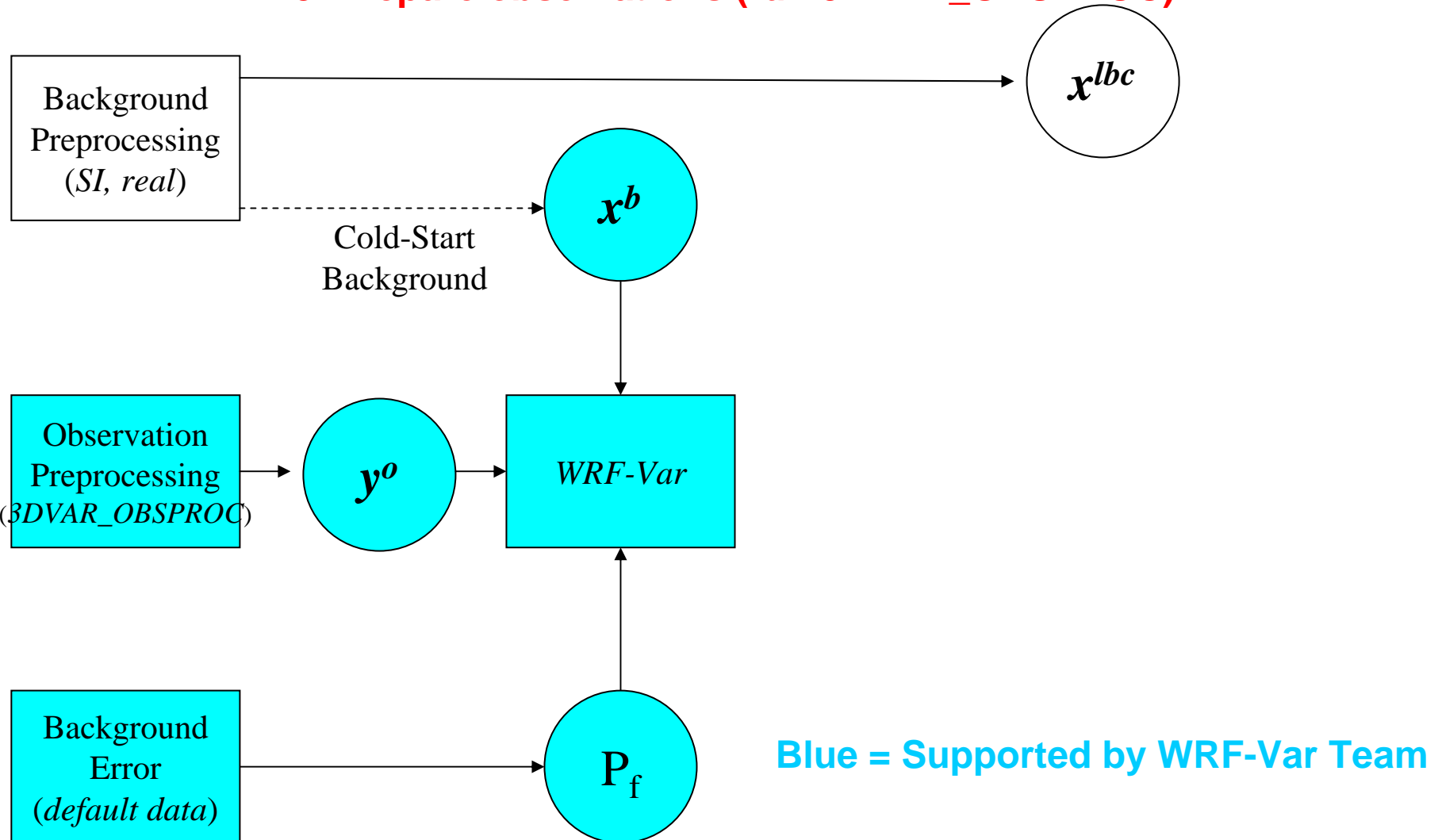
# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

## 2. Prepare background (run SI/real).



# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

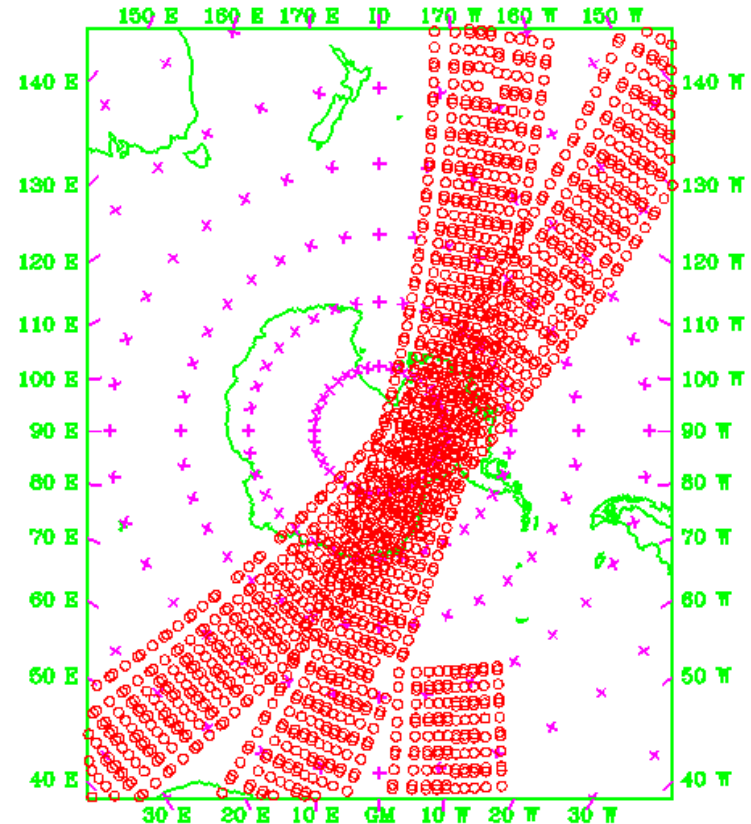
## 3. Prepare observations (run 3DVAR\_OBSPROC).



# Observation Preprocessing (*3DVAR\_OBSPROC*)

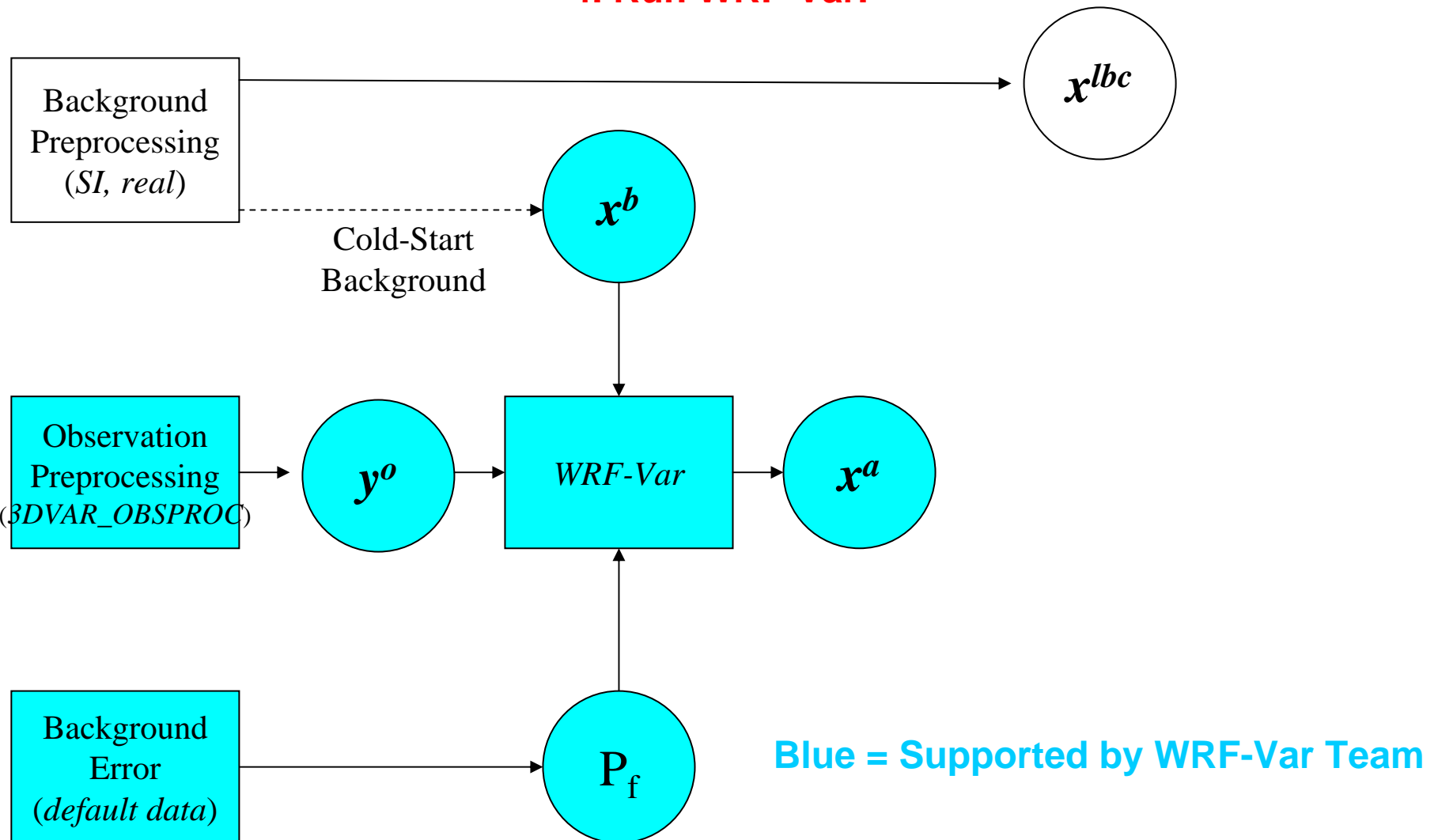
- Reads in observation files from decoders/GTS.
- Performs gross QC, e.g. domain/time, consistency, duplicate, merging.
- Simple thinning option.
- Assign observation errors.
- Outputs in text “3D-Var format” for further QC and assimilation in WRF-Var.
- Plots observation distributions.
- Note: Work under way to convert to BUFR, rather than text files.

**Example thinned AIRS distribution  
00 UTC 15th May 2004 (+/-2hrs):**



# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

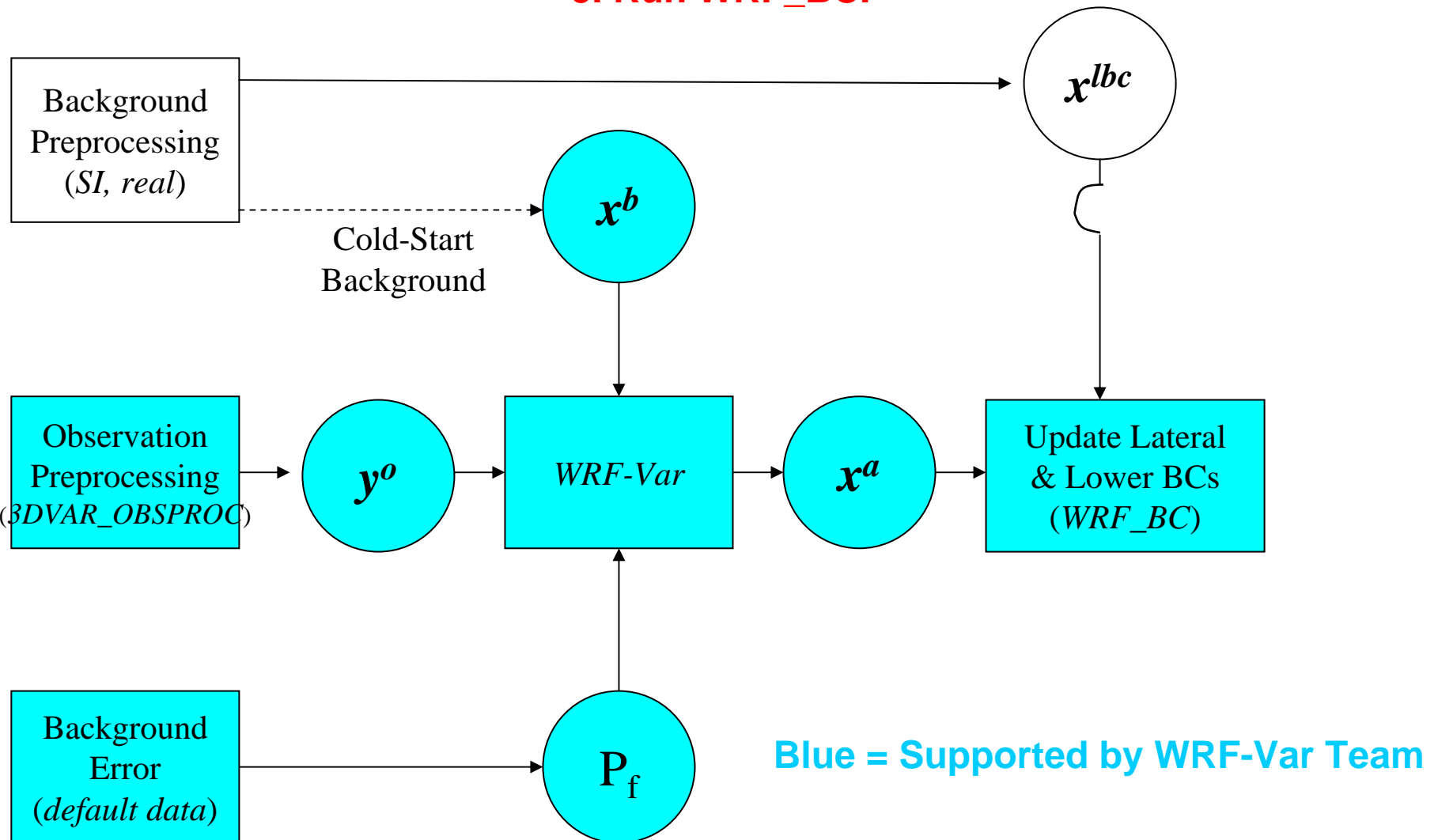
## 4. Run WRF-Var.





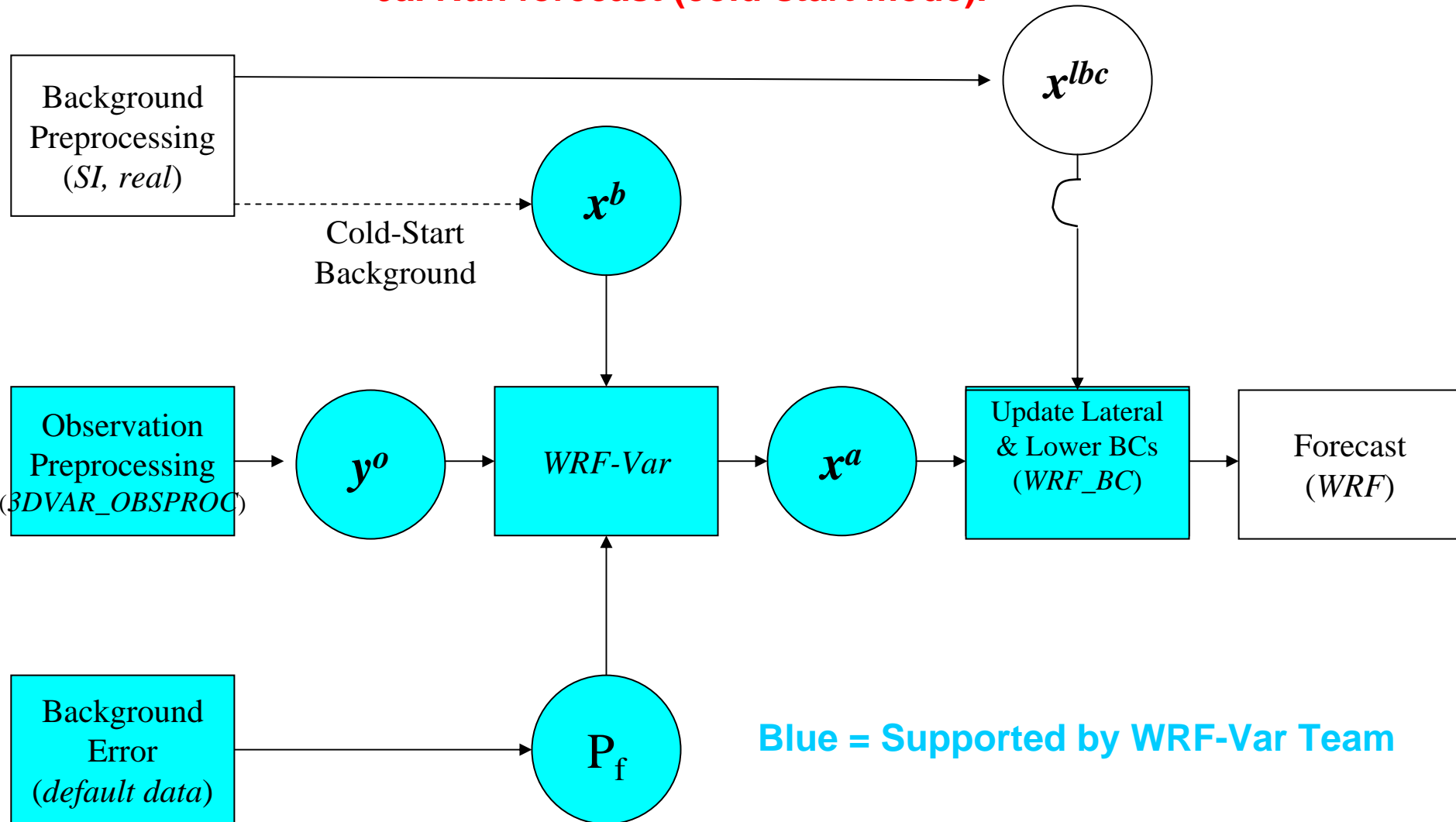
# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

## 5. Run WRF\_BC.



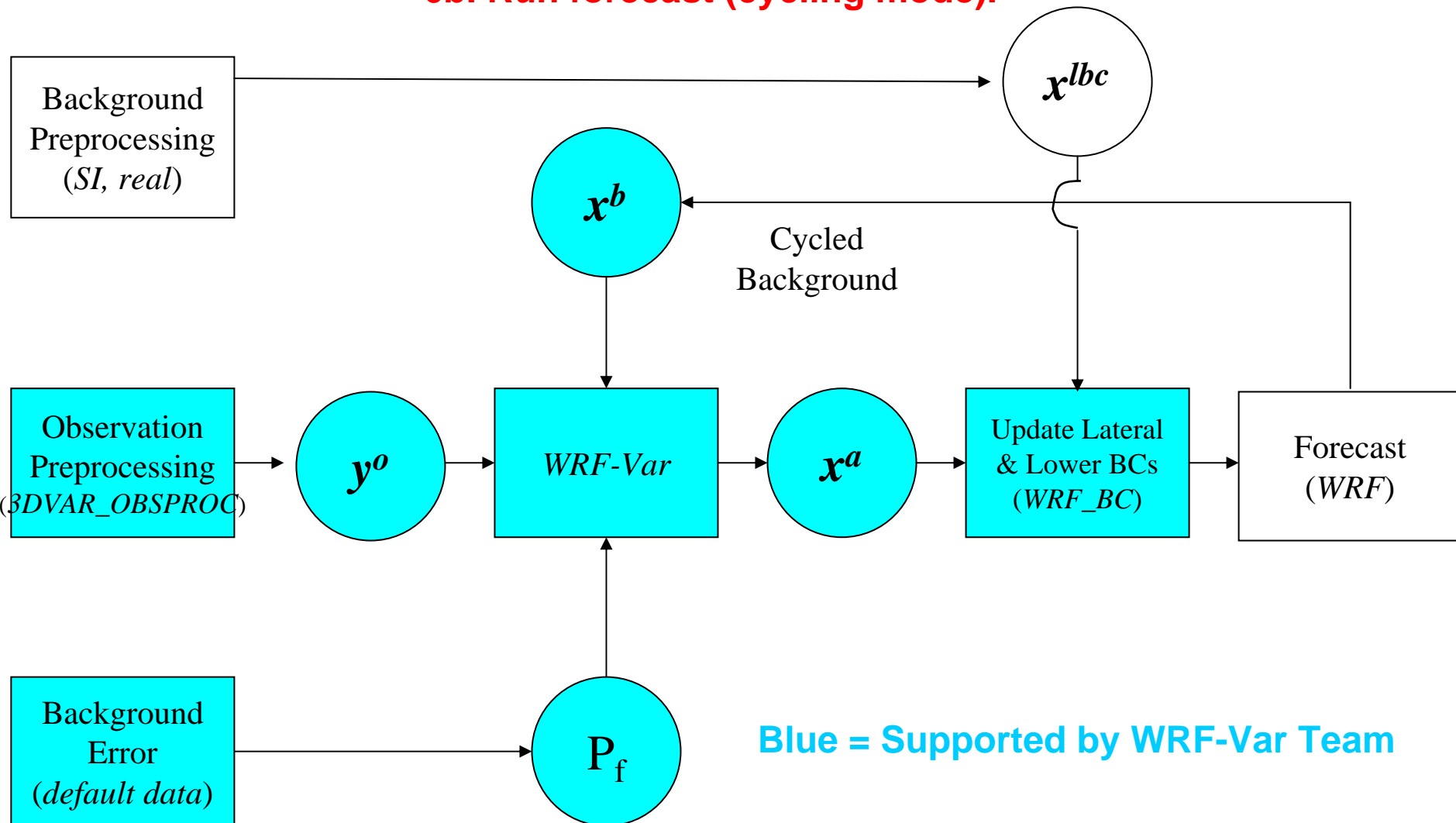
# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

## 6a. Run forecast (cold-start mode).



# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

## 6b. Run forecast (cycling mode).



# Cold-Start/Cycling Use of WRF-Var

- Initial/“one-off” tests of WRF-Var and WRF will adopt the “cold-start” method.
- However, there are a number of advantages in using the “cycling” approach:
  1. The analysis is better balanced (background/subsequent model are the same).
  2. Typically, the cycled background will contain higher resolution information.
  3. Fewer spin-up problems (e.g. hydrometeors are initialized to zero in SI/real).
  4. Improvements (and degradations!) will accumulate through subsequent cycles.
  5. The assimilation is cleaner (no danger of assimilating observations twice).

Therefore, cycling WRF-Var/WRF is the ultimate goal!

- **Warning:** If you are only assimilating a sub-set of the observations available to the cold-start background (e.g. global analysis), you may find you cannot beat “noobs” (I.e. running WRF from real output). In this case, use “cold-start” mode.

# Background Error (BE) Estimation in WRF-Var

The number 1 question from WRF-Var users is

**“What background error covariances are best for my application?”**

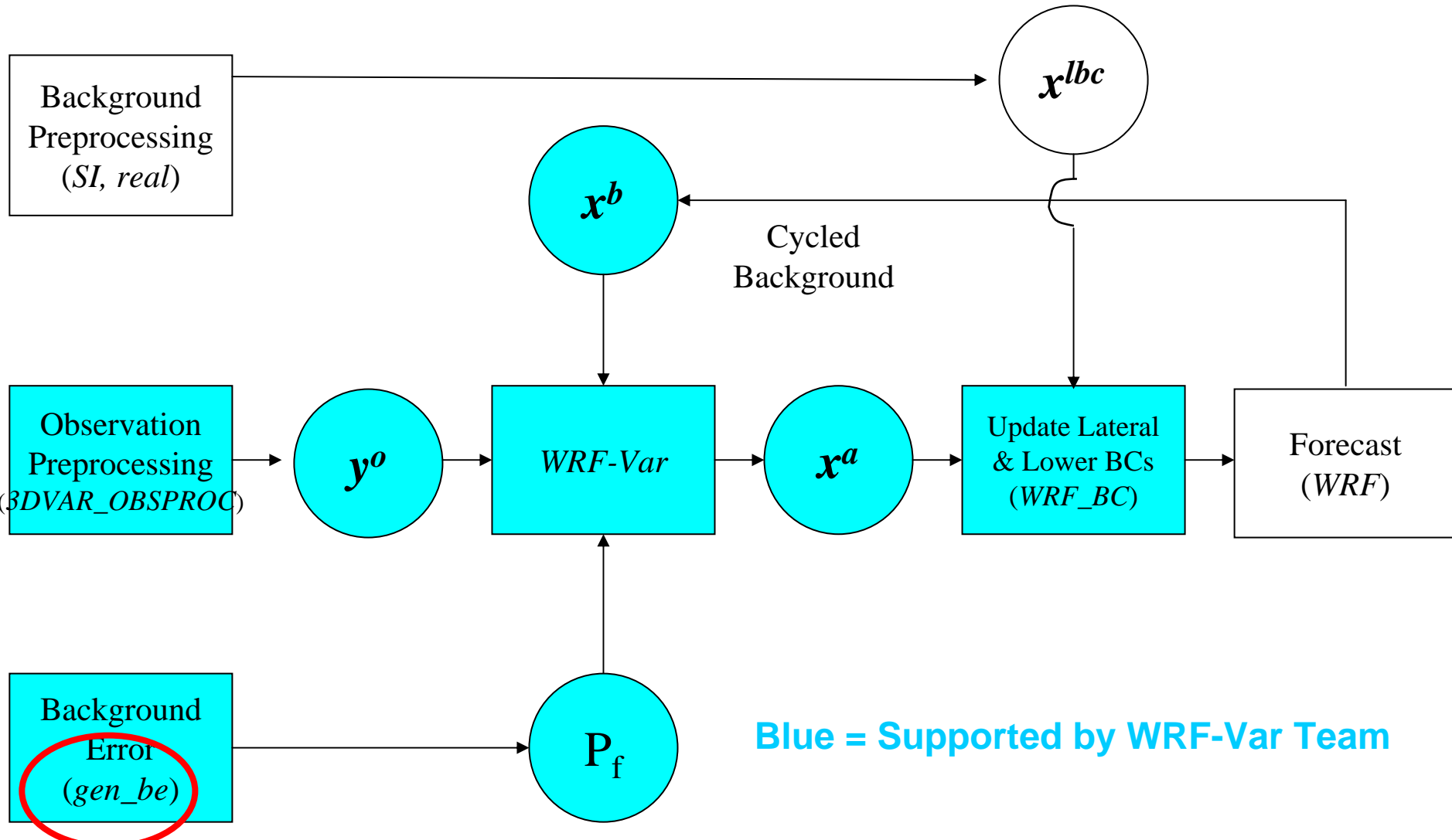
Procedure:

1. Use default statistics files supplied with code (MM5, GFS-based)
2. Create your own, once you have run your system for ~a few weeks
3. Implement, tune, and iterate.

A new utility *gen\_be* has been developed at NCAR to calculate BEs

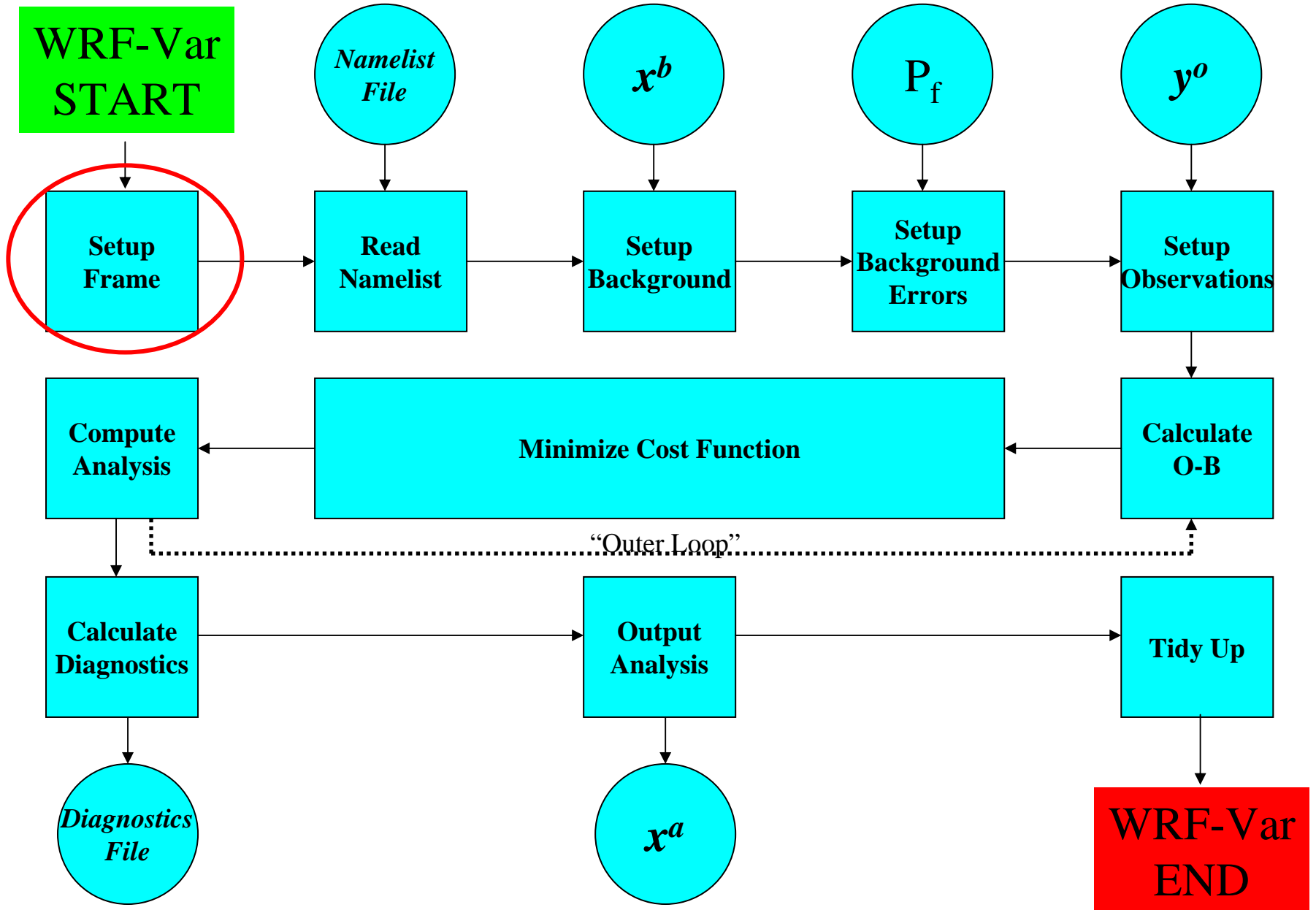
# WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

## 7. WRF-Var/WRF Ultimate Configuration!



# **WRF-Var Code Overview**

# WRF-Var

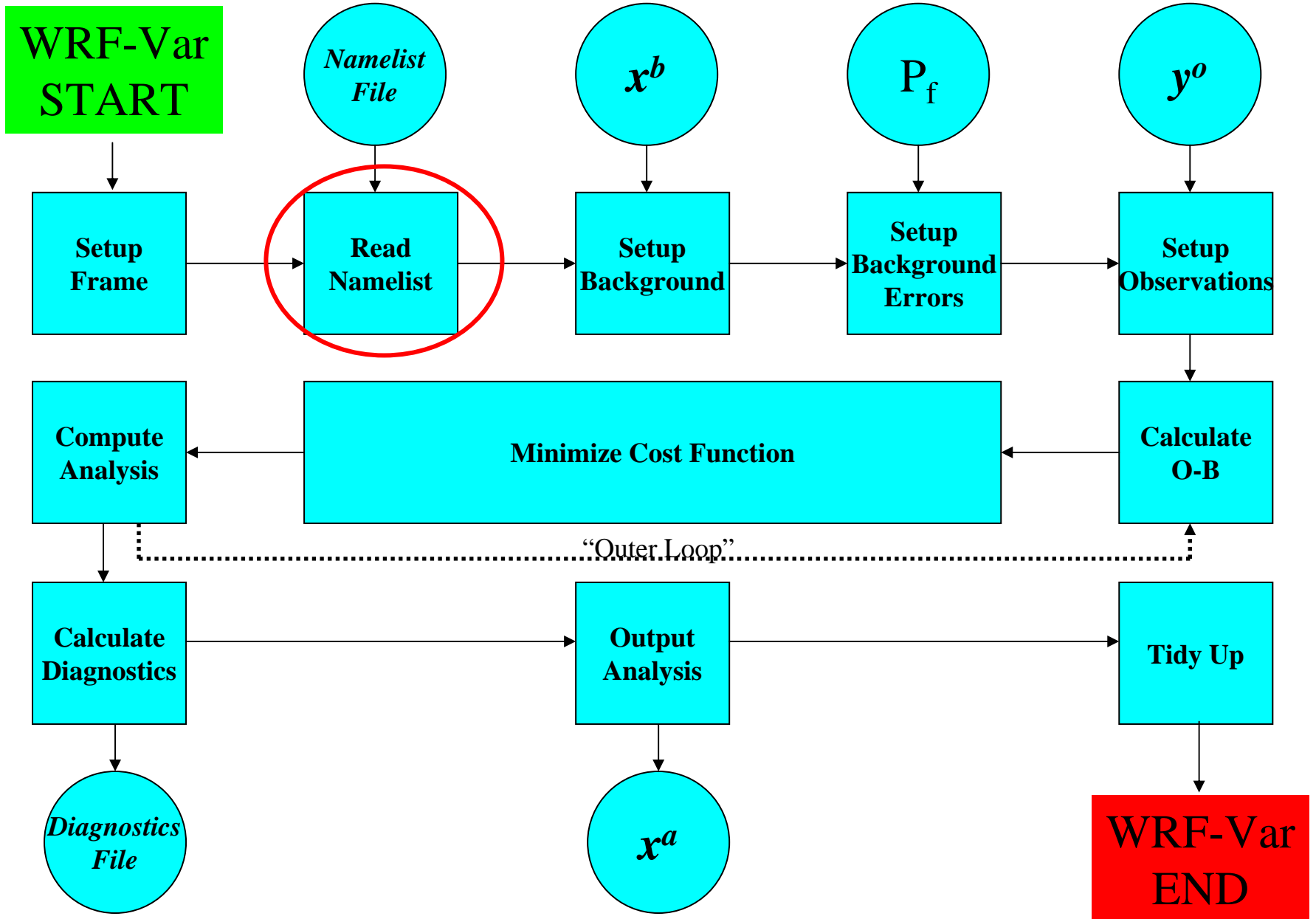




# Setup Frame

- **Reads grid dimensions from “namelist.input” file.**
- **Use WRF framework’s distributed memory capability to initialize tile, memory, patch dimensions, etc.**

# WRF-Var



## Read Namelist

- **Reads WRF-Var data assimilation options from “namelist.3dvar” file.**
- **“namelist.3dvar” file is created automatically at runtime by the DA\_Run\_WRF\_Var.csh script in wrfvar/run.**
- **Performs consistency checks between namelist options.**

# namelist.3dvar

```
&record1
MODEL_TYPE = 'WRF',
WRITE_INCREMENTS = .FALSE.,
GLOBAL      = .FALSE.,
PRINT_DETAIL = 0 /

&record2
ANALYSIS_TYPE = '3D-VAR',
ANALYSIS_DATE = '2004-05-01_00:00:00.0000',
ANALYSIS_ACCU = 900 /

&record3
fg_format = 1,
ob_format = 2,
num_fgat_time = 1 /

&record4
PROCESS_OBS = 'YES',
obs_qc_pointer = 0,
Use_SynopObs = .TRUE.,
Use_ShipsObs = .TRUE.,
Use_MetarObs = .TRUE.,
Use_PilotObs = .TRUE.,
Use_SoundObs = .TRUE.,
Use_SatimObs = .TRUE.,
Use_GeoAMVObs = .TRUE.,
Use_PolarAMVObs = .TRUE.,
Use_AirepObs = .TRUE.,
Use_GpspwObs = .TRUE.,
Use_GpsrefObs = .TRUE.,
Use_ProfilerObs = .TRUE.,
Use_BuoyObs = .TRUE.,
Use_SsmiRetrievalObs = .FALSE.,
Use_SsmiTbObs = .FALSE.,
use_ssm1obs = .FALSE.,
use_ssm2obs = .FALSE.,
use_qscatobs = .TRUE.,
use_radarobs = .FALSE.,
Use_Radar_rv = .FALSE.,
Use_Radar_rf = .FALSE.,
check_max_iv = .FALSE.,
use_obs_errfac = .FALSE.,
put_rand_seed = .FALSE.,
omb_set_rand = .FALSE.,
omb_add_noise = .FALSE. /
```

```
&record5
TIME_WINDOW = 3.,
/

&record6
max_ext_its = 1,
EPS         = 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02,,
NTMAX      = 100,
NSAVE      = 4,
WRITE_SWITCH = .FALSE.,
WRITE_INTERVAL = 5 /

&record7
RF_PASSES = 6,
VAR_SCALING1 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING2 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING3 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING4 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING5 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING1 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING2 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING3 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING4 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING5 = 1.0 /

&record8
def_sub_domain = .FALSE.,
x_start_sub_domain = 55.0,
y_start_sub_domain = 35.0,
x_end_sub_domain = 80.0,
y_end_sub_domain = 60.0 /

&record10
Testing_3DVAR = .FALSE.,
Test_Transforms = .FALSE.,
Test_Statistics = .FALSE.,
Interpolate_Stats = .TRUE. /
```

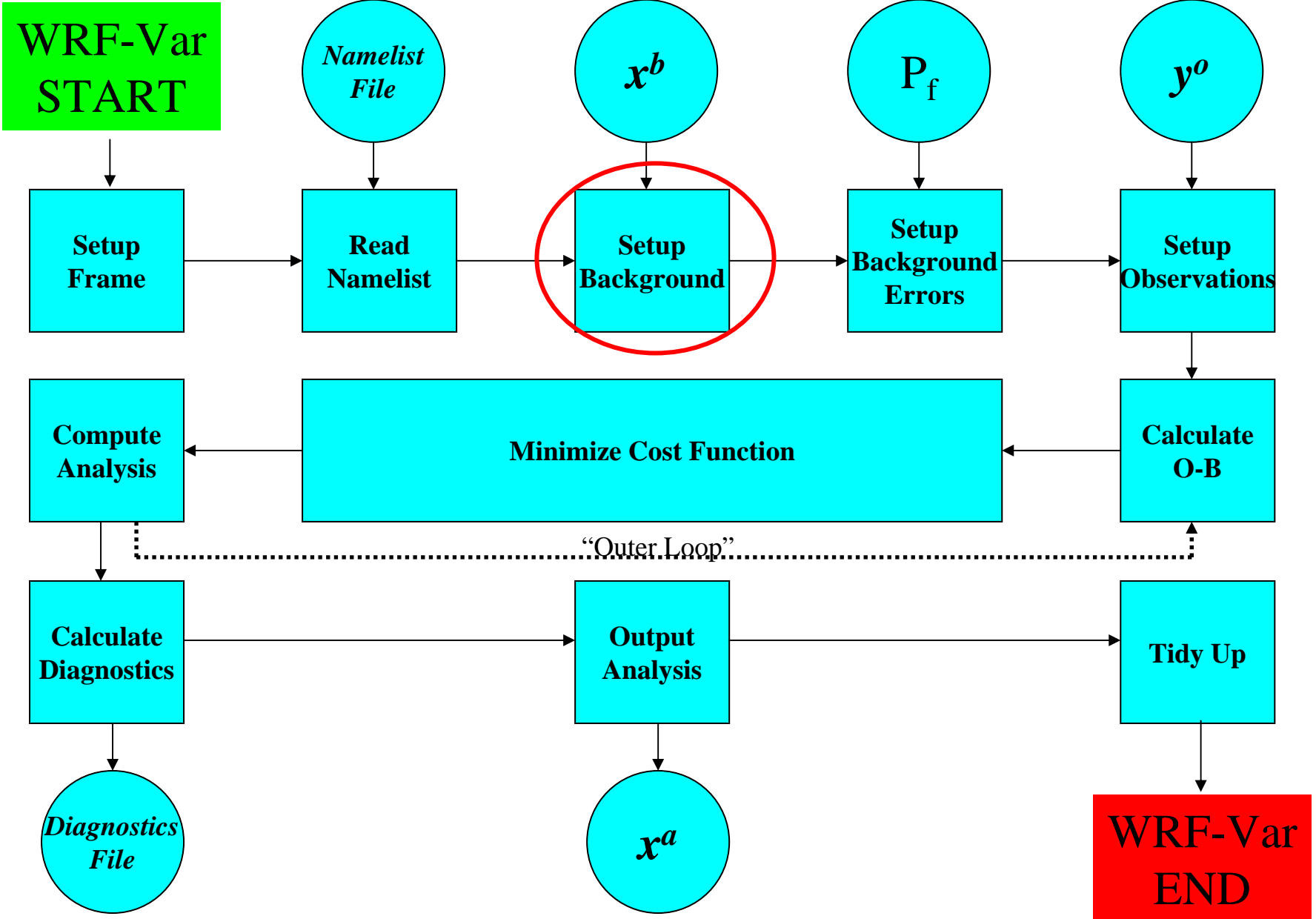
```
&record11
minimisation_option = 2,
write_outer_loop = .FALSE.,
lat_stats_option = .FALSE.,
calculate_cg_cost_function = .FALSE.,
cv_options = 3,
cv_options_hum = 3,
check_rh = 2,
as1 = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as2 = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as3 = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as4 = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as5 = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
sfc_assi_options = 1,
set_omb_rand_fac = 1.0,
seed_array1 = 0,
seed_array2 = 0 /

&record12
balance_type = 1 /

&record13
vert_corr = 2,
vertical_ip = 0,
vert_evalue = 1,
max_vert_var1 = 99.0,
max_vert_var2 = 99.0,
max_vert_var3 = 99.0,
max_vert_var4 = 99.0,
max_vert_var5 = 99.0 /

&pseudo_ob_nl
num_pseudo = 0,
pseudo_x = 165.0,
pseudo_y = 65.0,
pseudo_z = 15.0,
pseudo_val = 1.0,
pseudo_err = 1.0,
pseudo_var = 'u' /
```

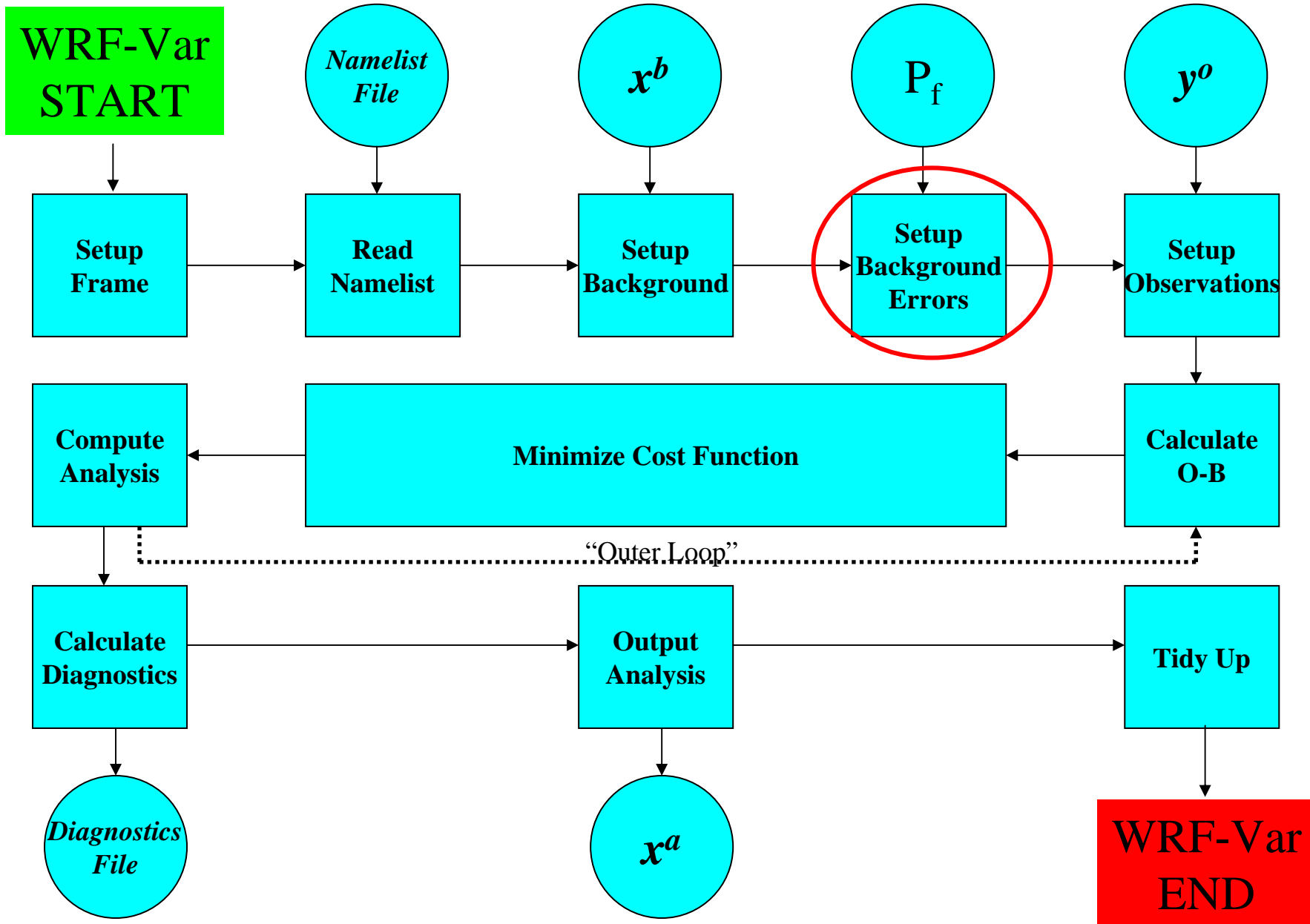
# WRF-Var



## Setup Background (First-Guess)

- **Reads in the first-guess field.**
- **Format depends on namelist option “fg\_format” – 1 = WRF, 2 = MM5, etc.**
- **Extracts necessary fields.**
- **Creates background FORTRAN 90 derived data type “xb” e.g. `xb % mix, xb % u(:, :, :), ....`**

# WRF-Var

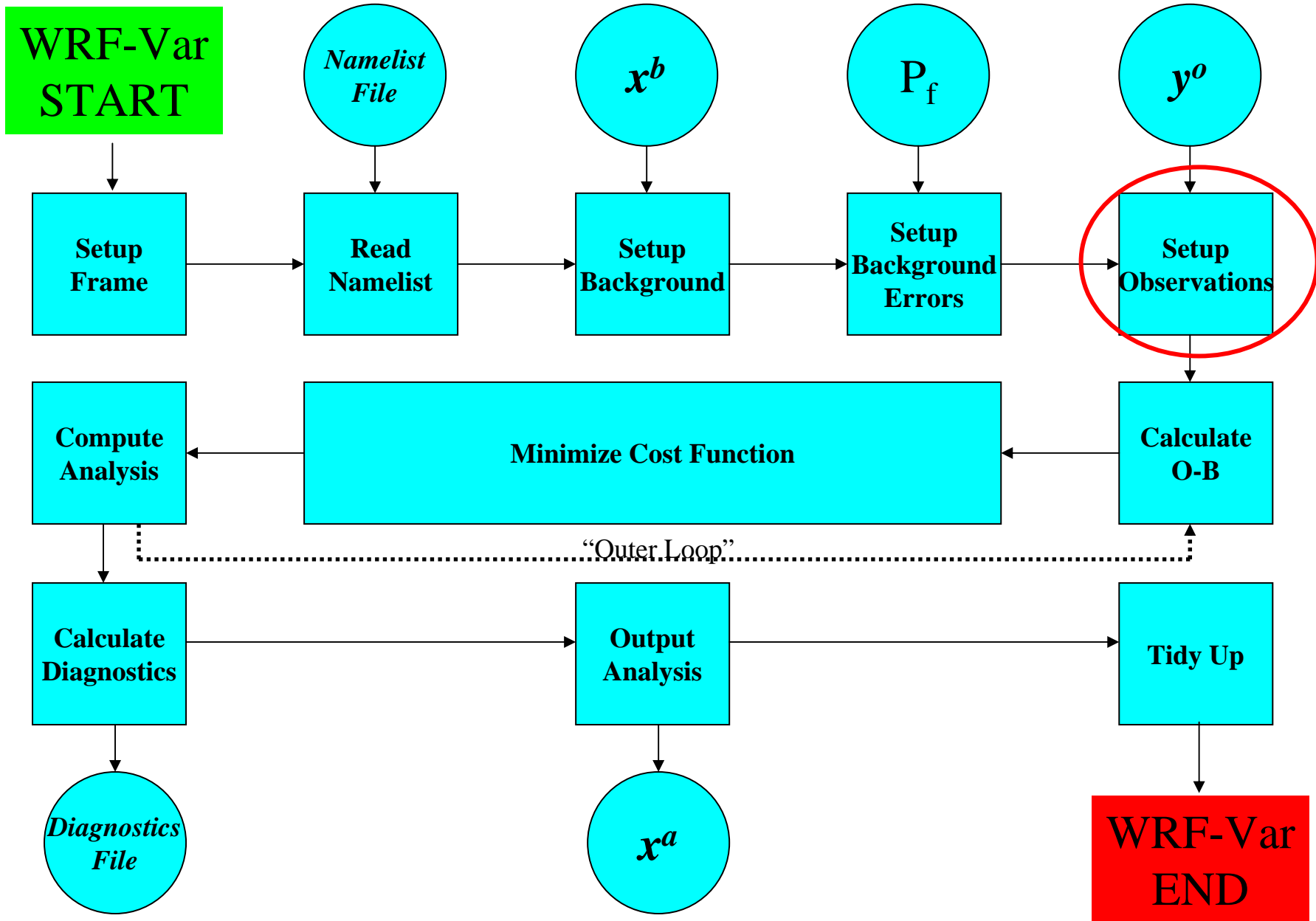


# Setup Background Errors

- **Reads in background error statistics.**
- **Format depends on namelist option “cv\_options” – 2=MM5, 3 = GFS-based, 4=Global, 5=WRF regional.**
- **Extracts necessary quantities – eigenvectors, eigenvalues, lengthscales, regression coefficients, etc (see gen\_be talk).**
- **Creates background error FORTRAN 90 derived data type “be” e.g. be % v1 % evec(:,:), be % v2 % eval(:), etc, ....**



# WRF-Var



# Setup Observations

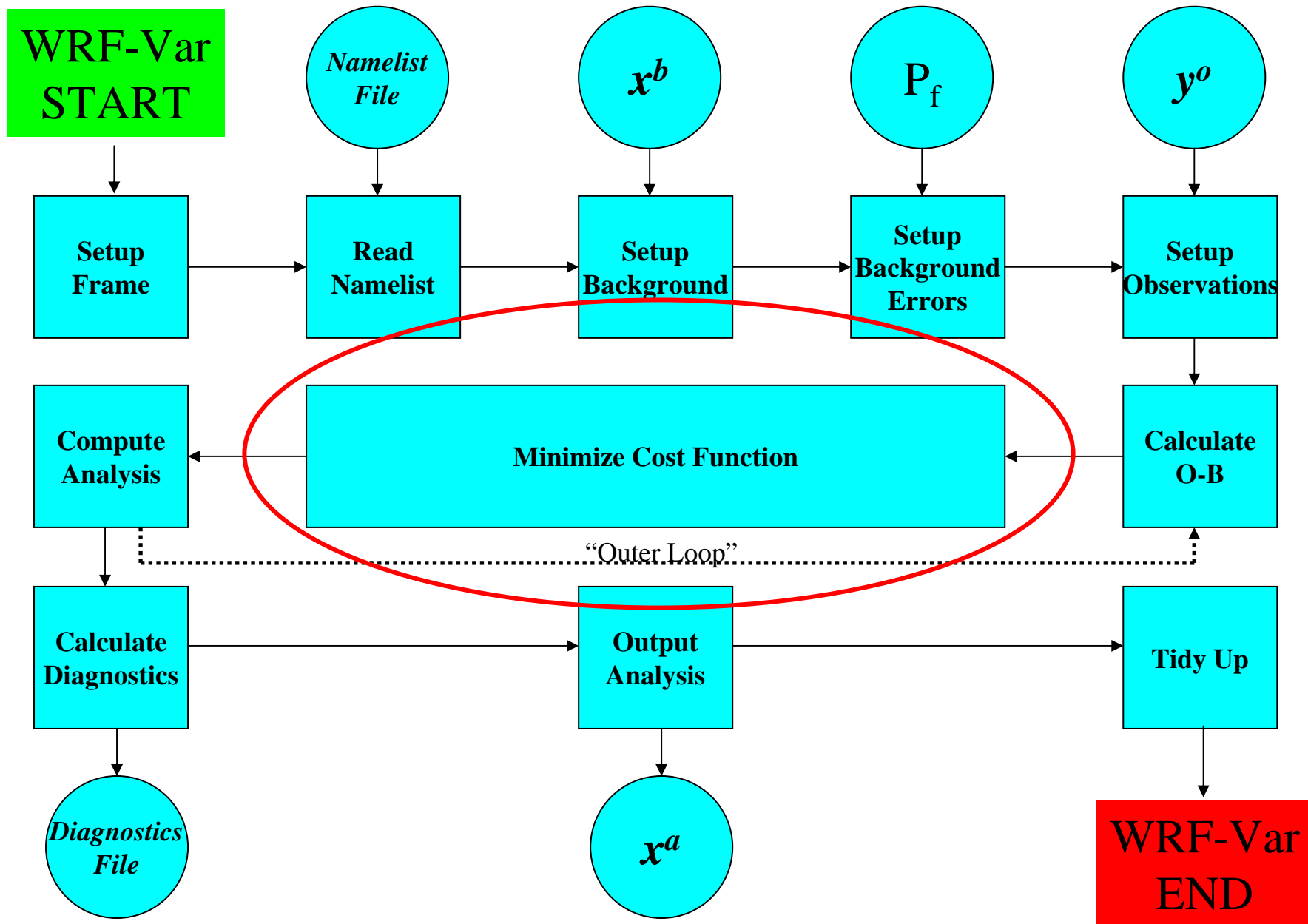
- **Reads in observations.**
- **Format depends on namelist variable “ob\_format” – 1 = BUFR, 2 = ASCII “WRF-Var” format.**
- **Creates observation FORTRAN 90 derived data type “ob” e.g. ob % num\_gpspw, ob % metar(:), ob % sound(:) % u(:), etc, ....**
- **Identifies Obs outside/inside the domain**



## **Calculate Innovation Vector (O-B)**

- **Calculates “model equivalent” B of observation O through interpolation and change of variable.**
- **Computes observation minus first guess (O-B) value.**
- **Creates innovation vector FORTRAN 90 derived data type “iv” e.g. iv % metar(:), iv % qscat(:) % u, etc, ....**

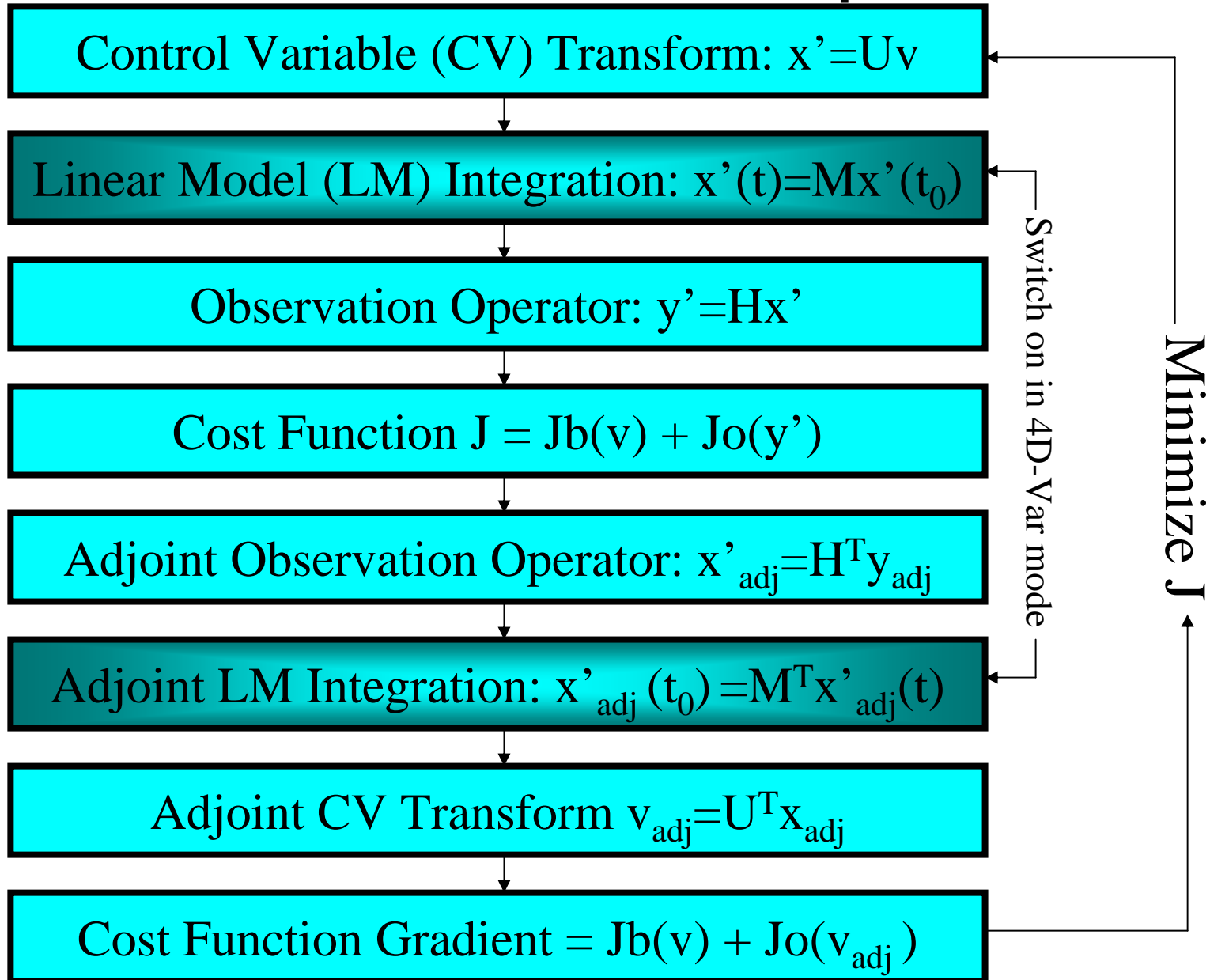
# WRF-Var



# Minimize Cost Function

- a) Initializes analysis increments to zero.**
- b) Computes cost function.**
- c) Computes gradient of cost function.**
- d) Uses cost function and gradient to calculate new value of control variable  $v$**
- e) Iterate b) to d).**

## WRF-Var "Inner Loop"



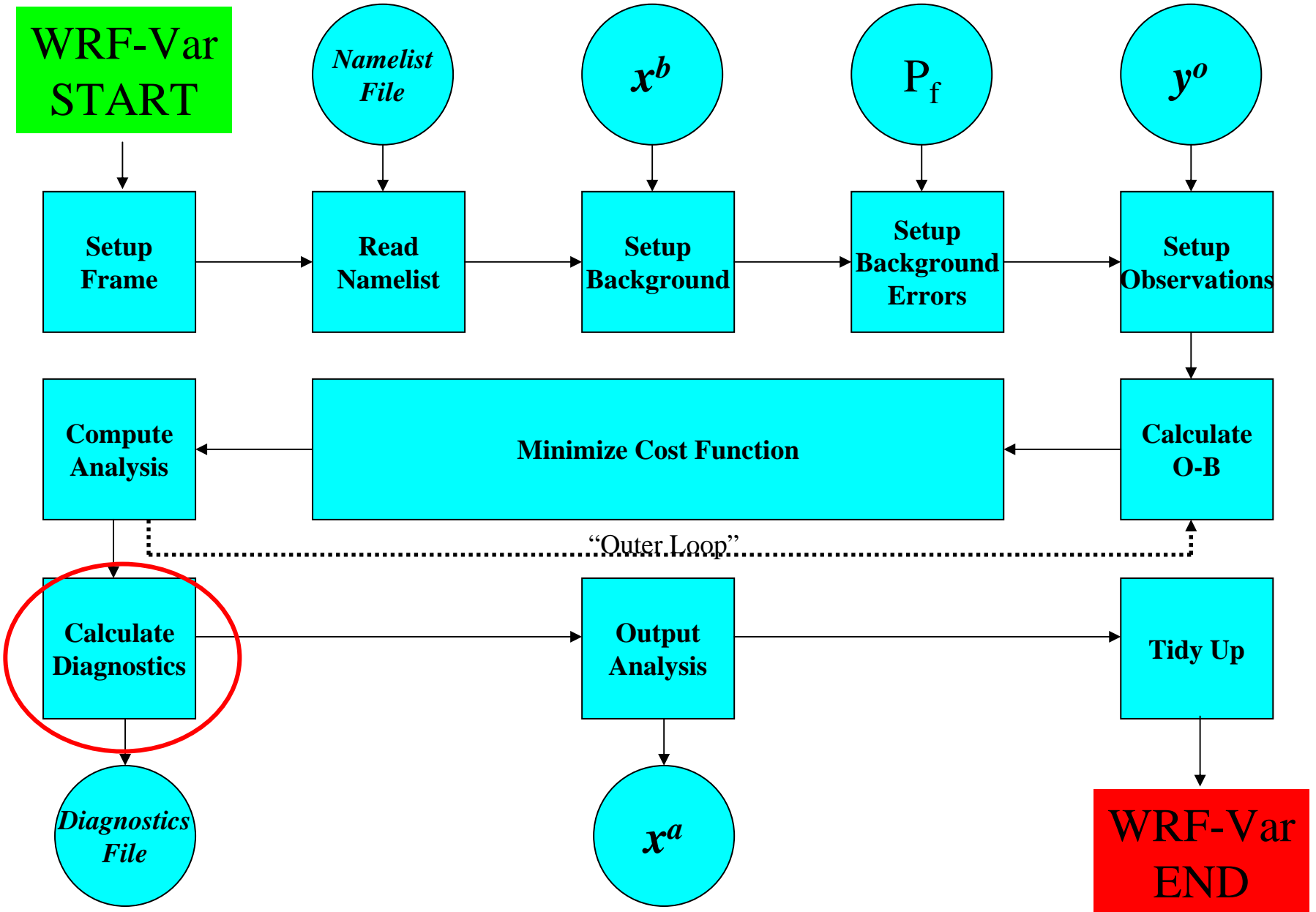




# Compute Analysis

- **Once WRF-Var has found a converged control variable, convert to model space analysis increments.**
- **Calculate analysis = first-guess + analysis increment.**
- **Performs consistency checks e.g. remove negative humidities from analysis.**

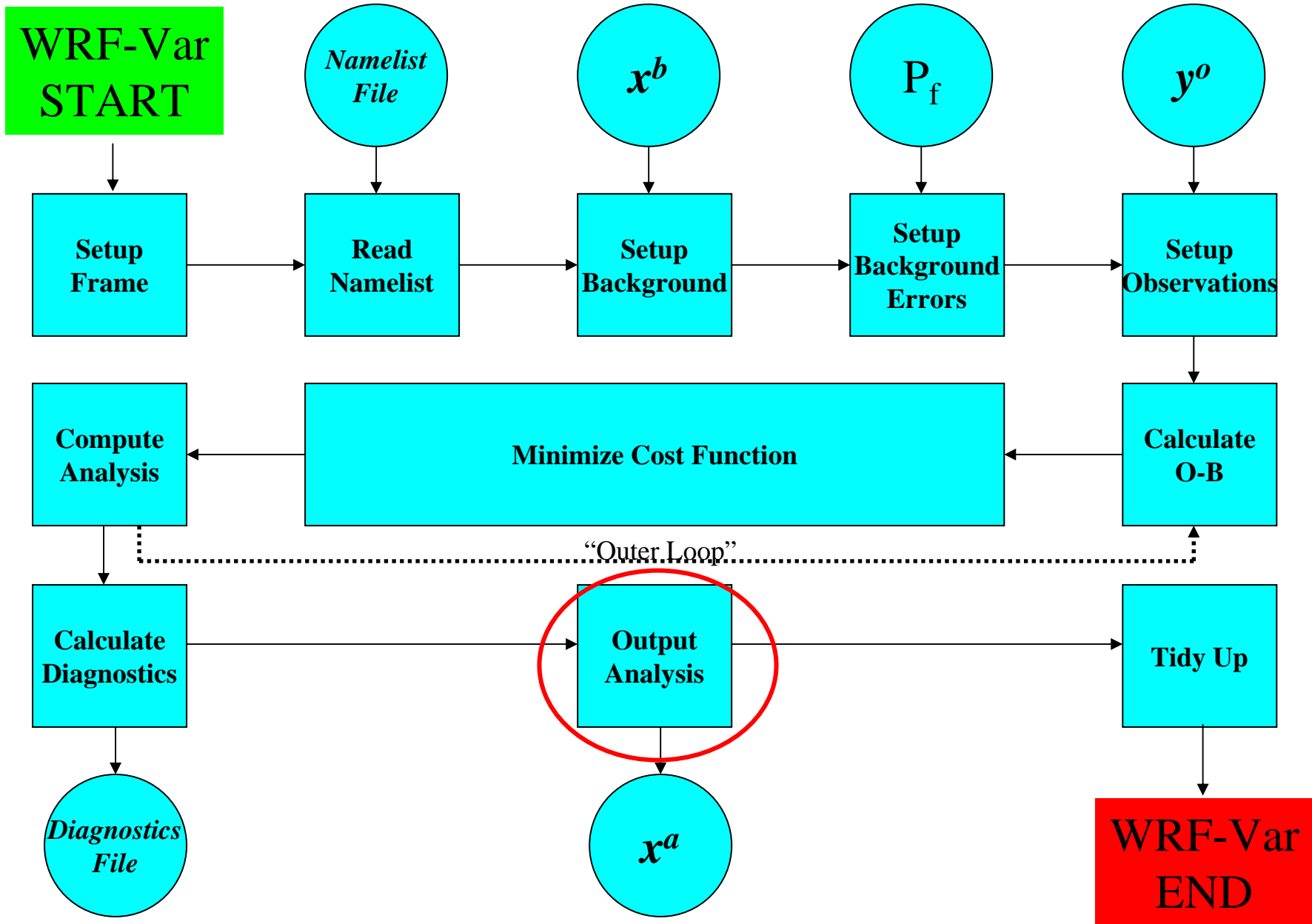
# WRF-Var



# Compute Diagnostics

- **Compute O-B, O-A statistics for all observation types and variables.**
- **Compute A-B (analysis increment) statistics for all model variables and levels.**
- **Statistics include minimum, maximum (and their locations), mean and standard deviation.**
- **Also compute “specialist diagnostics” for error tuning (fort.45, fort.46, fort.47, fort.50 etc.).**

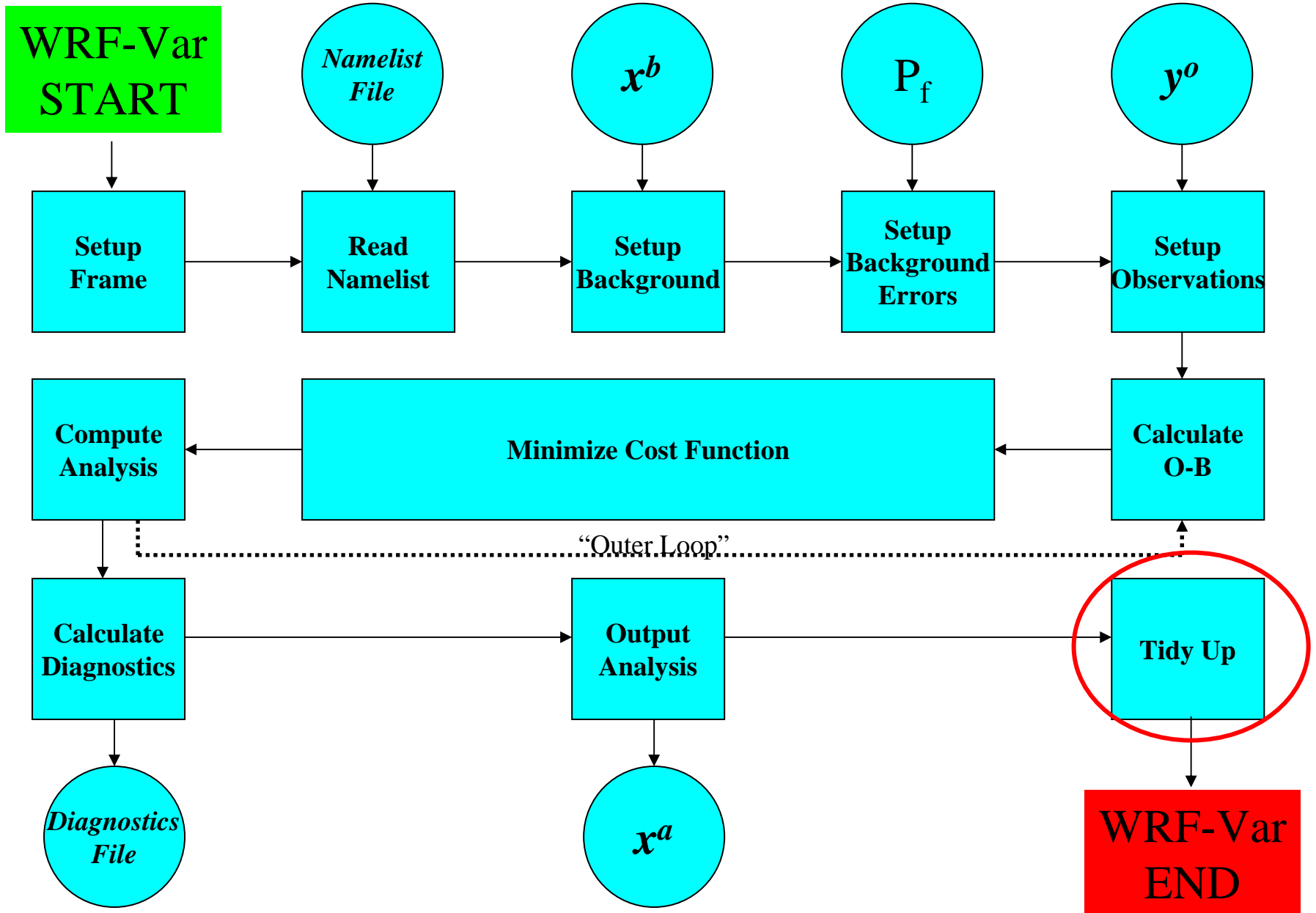
# WRF-Var



# Output Analysis

- **Outputs analysis in native model format. Choice made by namelist option `fg_format` – 1 = WRF, 2 = MM5, etc.**
- **Also output analysis increments (for diagnostic purposes) in native model format. Switch off by setting `DA_WRITE_INCREMENTS = .FALSE.` in `namelist.3dvar`.**

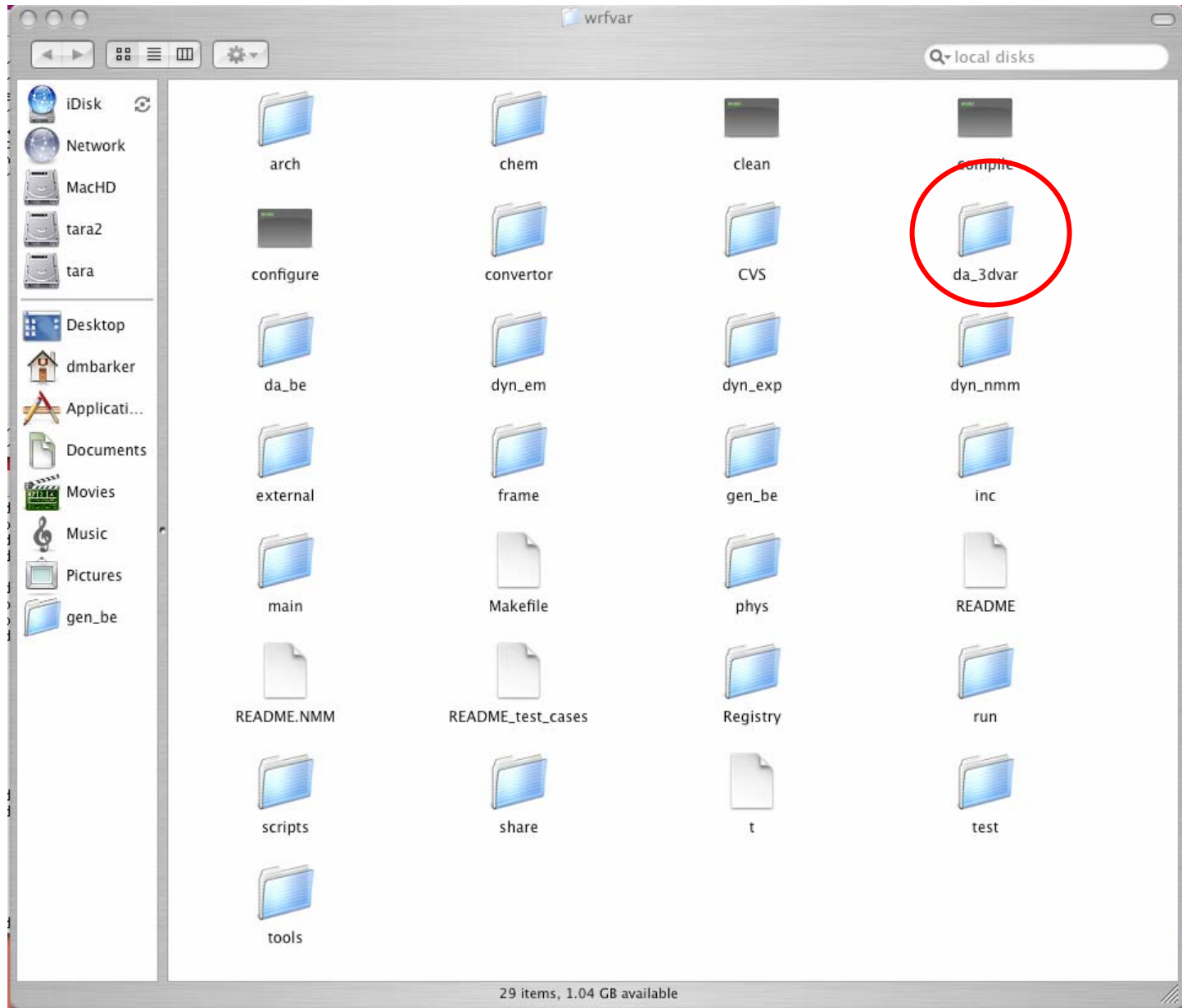
# WRF-Var



# Tidy Up

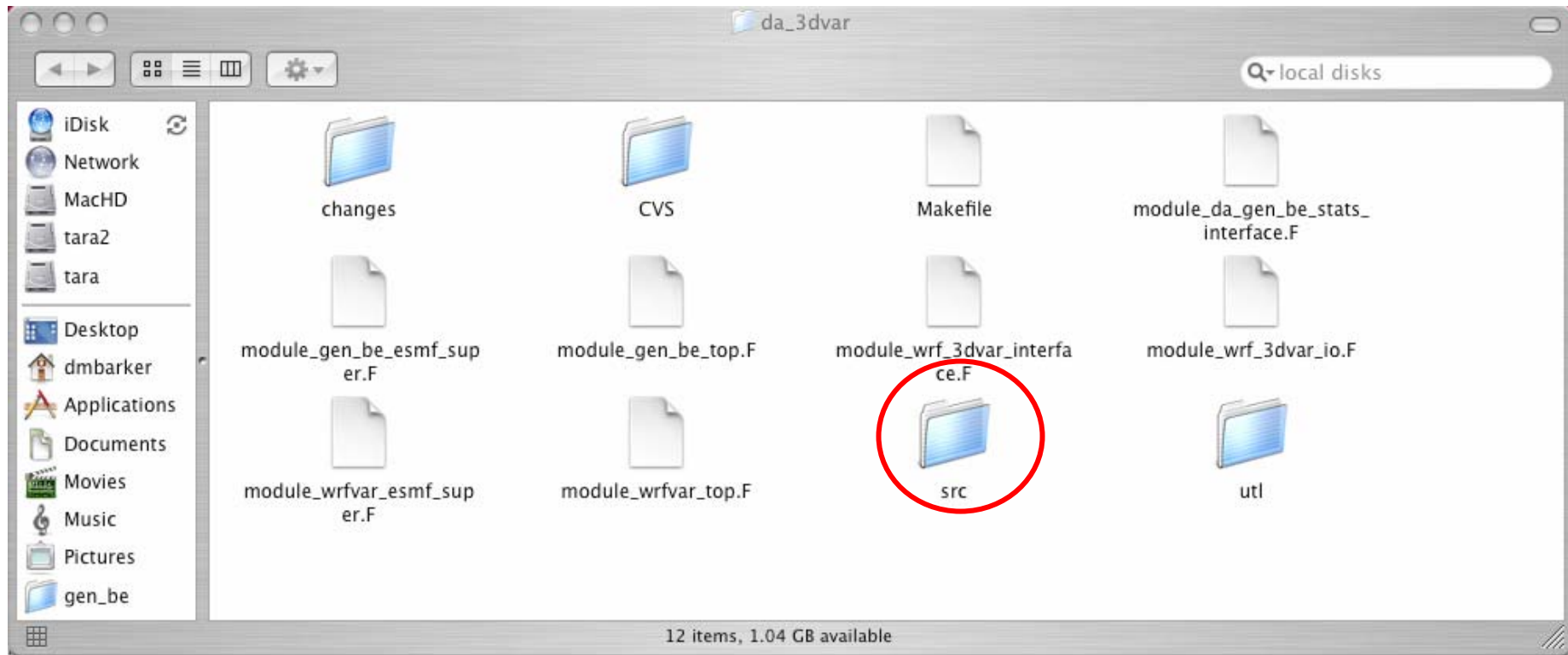
- **Deallocate dynamically-allocated arrays, structures, etc.**
- **Timing information.**
- **Clean end to WRF-Var.**

# Source Code 1: *wrfvar*

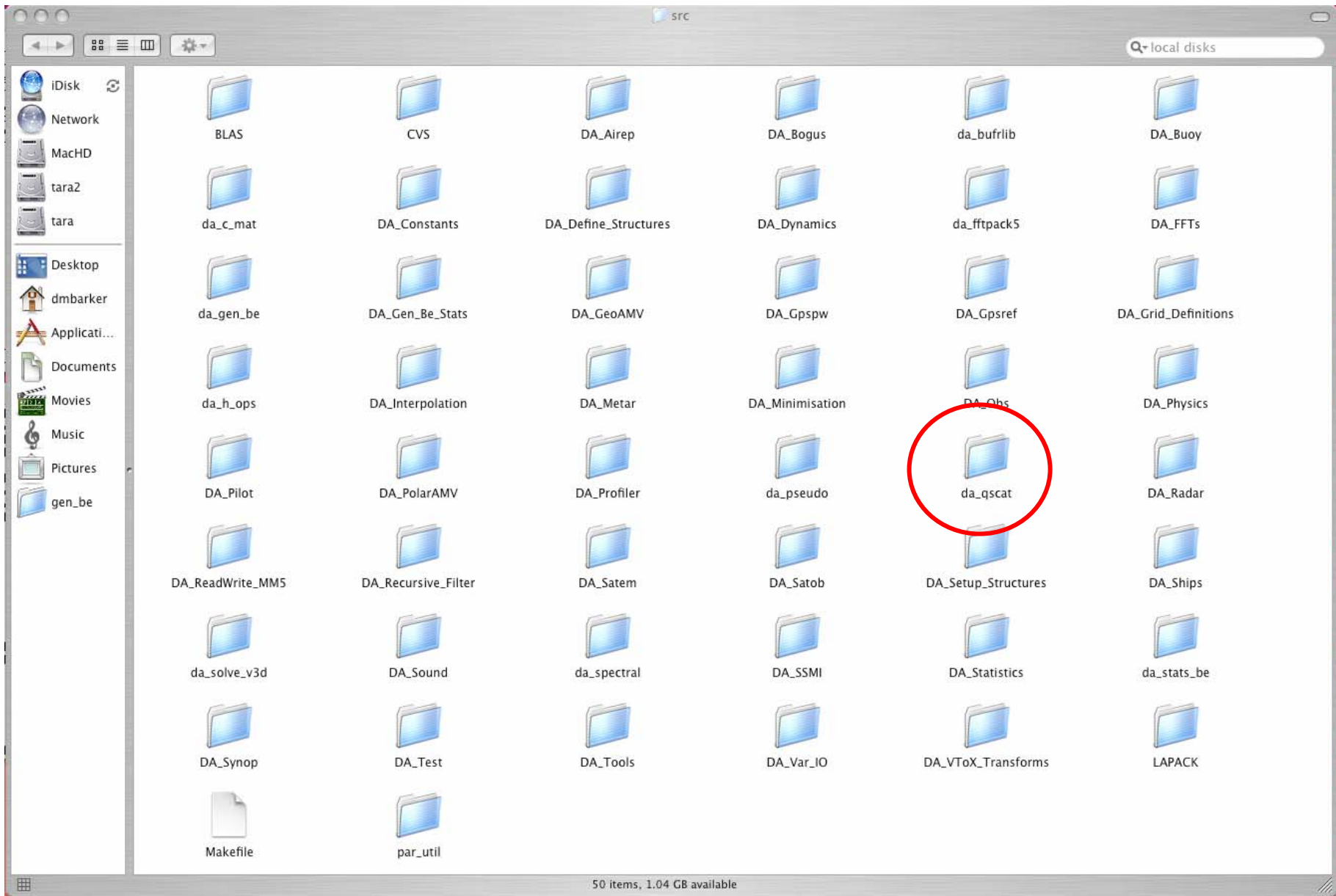




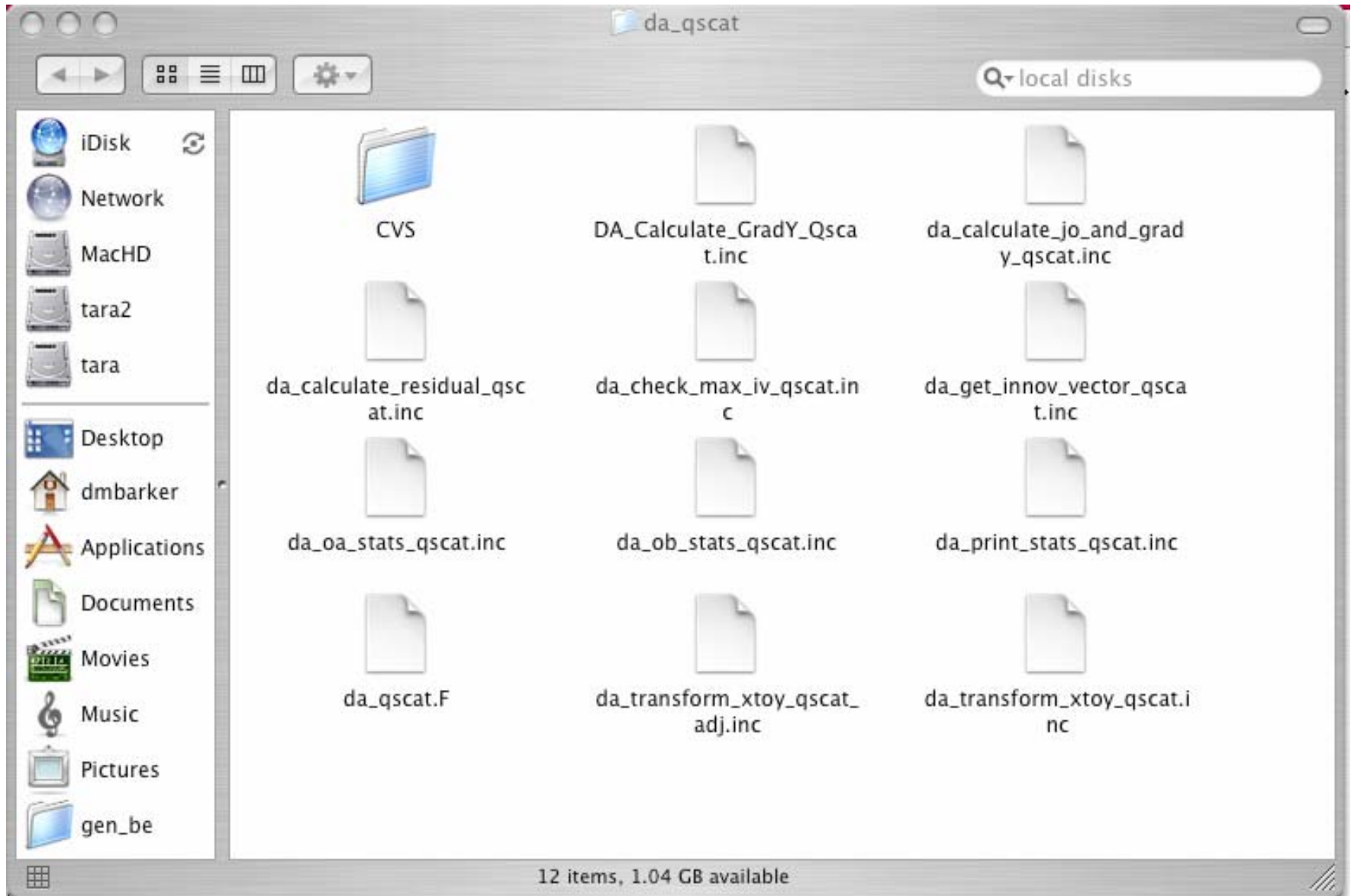
# Source Code 2: *wrfvar/da\_3dvar*



# Source Code 3: *wrfvar/da\_3dvar/src*



# Source Code 4: *wrfvar/da\_3dvar/src/da\_qscat*



# Source Code 5: *wrfvar/da\_3dvar/src/da\_qscat/da\_qscat.F*

```
module da_qscat

  USE DA_Constants
  USE DA_Define_Structures
  USE DA_Interpolation
  USE DA_Statistics
  USE DA_Tools
  USE PAR_UTIL

  ! The "stats_qscat_type" is ONLY used locally in DA_Qscat:

  TYPE residual_qscat1_type
    REAL      :: u           ! u-wind.
    REAL      :: v           ! v-wind.
  END TYPE residual_qscat1_type

  TYPE maxmin_qscat_stats_type
    TYPE (maxmin_type)  :: u, v
  END TYPE maxmin_qscat_stats_type

  TYPE stats_qscat_type
    TYPE (maxmin_qscat_stats_type)  :: maximum, minimum
    TYPE (residual_qscat1_type)    :: average, rms_err
  END TYPE stats_qscat_type

CONTAINS

#include "da_calculate_jo_and_grady_qscat.inc"
#include "da_calculate_residual_qscat.inc"
#include "da_check_max_iv_qscat.inc"
#include "da_get_innov_vector_qscat.inc"
#include "da_oa_stats_qscat.inc"
#include "da_ob_stats_qscat.inc"
#include "da_print_stats_qscat.inc"
#include "da_transform_xtoy_qscat.inc"
#include "da_transform_xtoy_qscat_adj.inc"
#include "DA_Calculate_GradY_Qscat.inc"

end module da_qscat
```

# Procedure for adding new Observations

- **Edit DA\_Define\_Structure.F to add new data type.**
- **Make new observation sub-directory under “src”.**
- **Develop desired programs like getting innovation vector, forward observation operator, tangent linear & its adjoint, gradient & cost function etc. in this new sub-directory.**
- **Input observation (update DA\_Obs).**
- **Sometimes it might be needed to add certain grid arrays in Registry.**
- **Link into minimization package (DA\_Minimisation)**

# DA\_Run\_WRF-Var.csh (summary)

*# USER: Define non-default job via environment variables:*

e.g.: setenv START\_DATE 2004050200 overrides the default.

```
#####  
#USER: DO NOT MAKE CHANGES BELOW (if you do, you're on your own!)  
#####
```

*# [1.0] Specify default environment variables:*

e.g. if ( ! \$?START\_DATE ) setenv START\_DATE 2004050100 # Analysis date.

*# [2.0] Perform sanity checks:*

e.g. check input observation file exists

*# [3.0] Prepare for assimilation:*

Create WRF-Var V2.1 namelist file (namelist.3dvar).

Create WRF V2.1 namelist file (namelist.input).

*#[4.0] Run WRF-Var:*

e.g. mpirun -v -np 16 -nolocal -machinefile hosts ./wrfvar.exe >&! /dev/null

# Learning To Use WRF-Var

- **Consult the documentation at:**

<http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG4>

- **Run through the Online WRF-Var Tutorial available at**

<http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG4/wrfvar.htm>

- **If still confused, ask questions - [wrfhelp@ucar.edu](mailto:wrfhelp@ucar.edu)**